CAN YOU DETECT the promotion of sexual anarchy in each "age-appropriate" item below?

SIECUS* is a go-to source for most "complete" or "comprehensive" sex-ed curriculums. The following are "age-appropriate" excerpts from its website that SIECUS thinks our children should know and believe.

Guidelines for Comprehensive Sexuality Education

3rd Edition

Kindergarten through 12th Grade

Boys and Girls Ages 5-8

- Some people are homosexual, which means they can be attracted to and fall in love with someone of the same gender.
- Many people live in lifetime committed relationships, even though they may not be legally married.
- Touching and rubbing one's own genitals to feel good is called masturbation.
- Some boys and girls masturbate and others do not.
- Masturbation should be done in a private place.
- Girls and boys have many similarities and a few differences.
- Some people may expect or demand that boys and girls behave in certain ways, but this is beginning to change.
- Vaginal intercourse when a penis is placed inside a vagina – is the most common way for a sperm and egg to join.

Ages 9-12

- Some people are bisexual, which means they can be attracted to and fall in love with people of the same or another gender.
- Gender identity refers to a person's internal sense of being male, female, or a combination of these.

Ages 9-12, continued

- Transgender is also used as a general term to describe many different identities that exist such as "transsexual," "drag king," "drag queen," "crossdresser," "genderqueer," "shapeshifter," "bigendered," and "androgyne."
- Some cultures around the world recognize and have special roles for transgender individuals.
- Children may have a mother, a mother and a father, two mothers, two fathers, or any other combination of adults who love and care for them.
- People often expect girls and boys to behave stereotypically.
- A woman faced with an unintended pregnancy can carry the pregnancy to term and raise the baby, place the baby for adoption, or have an abortion to end the pregnancy.

Ages 12-15

- Most people have masturbated at some time in their lives.
- Gay, lesbian, bisexual, and heterosexual people come from all countries, cultures, races, ethnicities, socio-economic backgrounds, and religions.
- Many scientific theories have concluded that sexual orientation cannot be changed by therapy or medicine.
- Some people's gender identity differs from their biological sex. "Transgender" describes people whose internal sense of gender (gender identity) doesn't match what society expects of them based on their genitals and chromosomes (biological sex).
- Accepting gender role stereotypes can limit a person's life.
- People's lives are enriched when they understand and celebrate diversity.
- Many people experience sexual and erotic thoughts called fantasies.
- Fantasies are one type of sexual expression.
- The right of a woman to have a legal abortion is guaranteed by the Supreme Court, although there are restrictions in some states.
- Values should be freely chosen after the alternatives and their consequences are evaluated.
- No one has the right to impose their values on others.

Ages 15-18

- Masturbation may be an important part of a couple's sexual relationship.
- Being sexual with another person does not mean that masturbation must or should stop.
- Some sexual behaviors shared by partners include kissing; touching; talking; caressing; massaging; and oral, vaginal, or anal intercourse.
- Abstinence means voluntarily choosing not to engage in certain behaviors.
- Sexual abstinence means not engaging in any sexual behavior that can result in a pregnancy or STD, including HIV.
- People may have different ideas about what constitutes abstinence, from no sexual contact of any kind including kissing, to only abstaining from sexual intercourse, and all points in-between.
- Sexual partners should discuss what they mean by abstinence.
- Young teenagers are not mature enough for a sexual relationship that includes intercourse.
- There are many ways to give and receive sexual pleasure without having intercourse.
- Sexual orientation is determined by a combination of a person's attractions, fantasies, and sexual behaviors.**
- Some people use erotic photographs, movies, art, literature, or the Internet to enhance their sexual fantasies when alone or with a partner.
- A person whose religious or cultural teachings prohibit contraception may have to decide between those teachings, the risk of unintended pregnancy or STDs/HIV, and his/her decision to have vaginal, oral, or anal intercourse.
- Emergency contraception (the "morning after pill") is not a method of abortion.
- Gender role stereotypes are harmful to both men and women.
- A growing number of congregations openly welcome gay, lesbian, bisexual, and transgender people.

Editor's Note: ** The extreme leftwing organization SIECUS explains that "sexual orientation is determined by a combination of a person's attractions, fantasies, and sexual behaviors."

Imagine permitting any other group constituted by attractions, fantasies, and behaviors—sexual or otherwise—to be established as a legally protected class. What fatuous thinking.

^{*} Sexuality Information Council of the United States (SIECUS) was founded in 1964 by Mary S. Calderone, the medical director for Planned Parenthood Federation.